

BLACK HAND KILLS  
KIDNAPPED CHILDHead Severed, Body Cut Up  
Near New Orleans.

## PRISONER CONFESSES

Lays Bare Terrible Secret of  
Blackmailing Society.

All but Three of Gang in Parish Jail, and Lynching Is Threatened. Fear of Detection Leads to Strangling Victim—Intention Was to Return Body Piece-meal to Father, Who Refused to Pay Ransom.

New Orleans, June 23.—The fate of the kidnapped Italian child, Walter Lamana, and the crime of the "Black Hand," here, was disclosed this morning, when the dead body of the missing child was found in a thick swamp, back of St. Rose, fifteen miles above New Orleans.

The boy's head had been cut off, and the body, chopped to pieces, was wrapped in a blanket and deposited in a box, which floated on a cane raft anchored in the swamp. The discovery was due to a vigorous searching of the suspect, Ignazio Campi Sciano, in the Jefferson Parish woods, last night, by the sheriff's posse and members of the Italian vigilance committee.

After being put through a severe examination, the prisoner weakened and promised to lead the party to the place where the body of the murdered child was concealed. But for this guidance the body probably would not have been recovered. It was a tramp of nearly two miles through a dismal and almost impenetrable swamp, the slimy water of the morass reaching to the waist of the officers. The body, when found, was in an advanced state of decomposition.

## Child Strangled Ten Days Ago.

The child had evidently been murdered ten days ago by strangling, when the pursuit of the "Black Hand" became so hot that it looked as though the kidnapers would be run to earth. Fearing that the child knew too much and would betray them, the kidnapers murdered him Thursday, June 13, after they had him in captivity five days, and cut off the head and chopped up the body, intending to send it piece-meal to the father to prove that the "Black Hand" had kept its promise to return the child in pieces in case they did not receive the \$5,000 ransom demanded, but the pursuit had lately grown so hot that the murderers dared not carry out their purpose.

Indeed, they were in such terror of arrest that they dared not return to the swamp, where the body of the child lay floating on the cane raft, to dispose of it and get rid of the dangerous evidence, for it now develops that the police and vigilance committee had struck the right trail at the very start, and had several times passed within a few yards of where the child was concealed. The trail pointed to Kenner or St. Rose as the place of his captivity, while the men arrested at the very beginning of the police investigation and afterward turned loose proved to be parties to this awful crime.

**Released Suspects Were Murderers.**  
They were among the first arrested, but, with the exception of Aurelio Costa, were released, as no direct evidence could be found against them. They were kept under surveillance, however, and the arrest of Campi Sciano late last night, and his fear that he was going to be killed, finally broke the seal of silence and he told the whole story of the crime.

It was what had been supposed from the beginning. The conspiracy had been connected in the Monteleone house, where the "Black Hand" met. Tony Costa led the boy from his home with promises of candy, and he and the barber, Charomonte, threw the child in the closed wagon on Saturday, two weeks ago. The boy was gagged and bound, driven through the streets of New Orleans at night and fifteen miles up the river, by Stefano Giandua, and delivered by him to Campi Sciano at St. Rose. Here Giandua, Campi Sciano, and Mercurio Costa, nicknamed "Morte," or "Death," held the boy a prisoner for the ransom.

## Crime of the "Black Hand."

On June 13 the "Black Hand" held its meetings at Campi Sciano's house, to determine what should be done, as things were getting threatening in New Orleans. There were present Antonio Giandua, Campi Sciano, Stefano Monfre, and Francesco Incarciera. The men agreed that the situation was bad. Lamana would not give up the ransom they demanded, and the police were hot on their trail.

During the conference the child, who was confined in the next room, constantly cried and begged to be taken back to his parents. This annoyed the kidnapers, and Frank Incarciera said that these cries would sooner or later bring the police on them. The child was ordered to shut up, and not doing so, Incarciera ran into the room where he was confined and strangled him to death. The body was chopped up by Giandua and then taken to the swamp for concealment.

## Gang Thrown in Jail.

The police continued their arrests to-day, raiding the Monteleone house, where they got nine more members of the "Black Hand." They include Campi Sciano and his wife, Charomonte Costa, Nicola Giandua, a handsome girl of twenty and mistress of Francesco Incarciera, who strangled the child, and who confessed she knew of all the crimes of the "Black Hand." Carmelo and Vincenzo Incarciera, brothers of the murderer, Angelo Monteleone, his wife, sister-in-law, father and mother-in-law, Michael Fici, and Francesco Giandua. It is thought that the entire gang will be caught by to-morrow.

The three worst criminals have not yet been arrested. They are Incarciera, who strangled the boy, and Giandua and Stefano Monfre, who cut the body in pieces.

The news of the recovery of the kidnapped boy's body caused such an excitement in the Italian quarter that a large extra force of policemen was placed there to prevent any demonstration against those who are suspected of connection

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**\$8.00 Week-end Excursions,**  
Baltimore and Ohio, to Atlantic Seaboard resorts. Every Friday and Saturday, returning until following Tuesday, inclusive. Consult agents for particulars.

Prices on all kinds of Lumber are Lower.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

For the District of Columbia—  
Fair to-day; to-morrow showers;  
light to fresh southerly winds.

## HERALD NEWS SUMMARY.

Pages. TELEGRAPHIC.  
1—French Situation Quietening Down.  
1—Black Hand Kids Kidnaped Child.  
1—Telegraphers' Strike Not Ended.  
1—Stepfather of Slain Girl Insane.  
2—Taft to Attend Yale Exercises.  
3—Marlboroughs Still Far Apart.  
3—Gov. Comer Opposes Bankhead.  
2—New Clew in Pelham Tragedy.  
1—Loving Trial Opens To-day.  
7—News of Maryland and Virginia.

## LOCAL.

1—Pullman Passengers Robbed.  
1—Police Hold Unclaimed Baby.  
1—Marshall Collins Raids Glen Echo.  
2—Photo-engravers Meet To-day.  
2—More Hot Days Coming.  
2—Record Rush at G. P. O.  
2—Three Persons Drowned.  
2—Administration in Waiting Game.  
2—Singers Plan Music Hall.  
2—Fight Malaria with Dynamite.  
10—Jesuists Honor St. Aloysius.

## STRIKE DRAGS ALONG

Telegraphers After Three  
Days Make No Progress.

## SMALL OFFERS TO ARBITRATE

San Francisco Officers Concentrate  
Forces in Their Main Offices and  
Accept Messages Subject to Delay.  
Men Who Are Out Given Until To-day  
to Return to Their Work.

San Francisco, June 23.—The striking telegraphers in San Francisco and Oakland have made no gains during the three days in which the strike has been in progress. The Western Union has sixty operators at West Oakland, and claims to be able to handle at least half of its usual business, although all messages are taken subject to delay. The chief inconvenience to the public lies in the fact that all messages must be taken to the main offices.

The Postal company has adopted the same tactics as the Western Union, massing all its operating force at the main offices. Manager Nally, of the Postal, and Manager Miller, of the Western Union, both declare that by to-morrow they would post notices that all the men still remaining out will be declared discharged employees.

## Offers to Arbitrate.

President Samuel J. Small, of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, declared last night the operators were not fighting for recognition of their union, but for 25 per cent increase in salary on account of the increased cost of living. He challenges the Western Union and Postal companies to offer to arbitrate and issue a statement that they will pay their telegraphers an advance of 25 per cent in San Francisco, Oakland, and vicinity pending the restoration of normal living conditions.

"Such a declaration," added President Small, "would result in the immediate return to work of all telegraphers on strike here."

Early to-night it was reported that the telegraph companies had granted the operators' demand for an eight-hour day, and that the 25 per cent increase in salary is to be arbitrated, which was subsequently denied.

## President Small Sustained.

New York, June 23.—National President Small, of the Commercial Telegraphers of America, and the national executive committee of the union, were sustained to-day at a special meeting of local No. 16, of New York, called for the purpose of discussing the course of the executive committee. It was decided by a vote that both President Small and the executive committee be sustained in anything they do. This meeting was called before President Small left the city a week ago and before he had declared the general strike of the telegraphers against the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies in San Francisco. The strike had been decided on by a vote before he went away, and he was authorized that time to call it on any day he saw fit. The general feeling at to-day's meeting was that the strike in San Francisco was a purely local affair and not connected with the general issue.

## TWO DROWN AT CONEY ISLAND.

Heat Brings Out Big Crowd at New  
York's Recreation Park.

New York, June 23.—The heat to-day brought out the bathers at Coney Island. There were two drownings.

The first drowning occurred at the bathing pavilion at the foot of Sulzer's Walk. Max Ormsworth, seventeen years old, of 217 Seventh street, went in swimming in the morning with several companions. Ormsworth was swimming around, when suddenly he was seized with cramps, and sank.

Charles Slattery, a life guard, went to his assistance, and, after a hard struggle, brought the boy to the beach. Dr. Holthausen, from the Reception Hospital, worked over him for nearly an hour, but was unable to bring him around, and he died from strangulation.

The other drowning occurred at what is known as Plum Beach. The victim was Frederick Downing, seventeen years old.

## WILD BALLOON KILLS EIGHT.

Gas Bag Explodes on Homestead; Car  
Found with Occupants Dead.

Budapest, June 23.—A farmer near Debreczin was awakened at night by a strange noise on the roof of his house. He found that a balloon without a car had fallen on the house.

While he and some farm hands, with lanterns, were preparing to remove it, the gas exploded, killing the farmer and four others and injuring six.

Meanwhile, the car was found fifteen miles distant. It had three occupants, and they were dead.

They had evidently fallen from a height. They have not been identified.

**\$64.00 To Mexico City and Return,**  
Baltimore and Ohio.

June 26 to July 2. Liberal limits. Consult agents for particulars.

The Best Boards only \$2.00 per 100 ft.

LEWIS DENIES GUILT;  
GOES MAD IN CELLDisclaims Killing His Step-  
daughter, Mary Newlin.

## BEATS HEAD ON WALL

Pennsylvania Farmer Put Into  
Strait-jacket.

Prosecution Tells of Born Blood  
Stains Found in Barn—Advances  
Theory that Murder Took Place in  
that Building—Relatives Protest  
that Accused Man Is Not Guilty of  
Brutal Crime—Inquest To-day.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 23.—Raving and declaring his love for little Mary Newlin, whose strangled body was found buried in his yard, Irwin Lewis, who is accused of her murder, is in a critical condition at the county jail to-night. All day he acted like a madman, becoming so violent that it was necessary to put him in a strait-jacket.

Dr. Joseph H. Scattergood, the jail physician, says he does not believe the accused man will be able to go to Avondale to-morrow, where the district attorney proposes to have an inquest held in the case.

"My God, they are going to kill me," Lewis cried in his cell as he sat on a rude bench, his hair disheveled and his hands clasped over his face. "Save me, save me!" he shrieked. "Don't let them hang me!"

Then, suddenly leaping to his feet, he began to butt his head against a wall of the cell. Two jailers sprang upon him, and although he is a young man of slight physique, a desperate struggle ensued. Other jailers flung themselves at him and pinned him to the floor. A strait-jacket was hastily brought, and the maddened farmer was soon helpless, although his piteous cries rang through the building until he became exhausted.

## Broken Under Strain.

That the strain which Lewis has gone through since the finding of the murdered child's body Friday has proved at last too much for the marvelous self-control he at first manifested is the opinion of Dr. Scattergood, who is in constant attendance upon him to-night.

"Let me out of here," Lewis pleaded with the physician. "I am innocent. I didn't kill little Mary. I love her as I loved her mother."

The physician tried to reason with the accused man, but the latter soon became violent.

The district attorney to-day completed his arrangements for the inquest and the arraignment of Lewis, which is expected to follow, and both are scheduled for to-morrow afternoon at Avondale. He has flung out the hint that the testimony that would be introduced by the prosecution at both the inquest and the subsequent hearing would not only be most sensational, but would throw considerable light upon the mystery.

## Blood Stains Disclosed to-day upon a

stairway in the barn on the Lewis farm behind which the body of little Mary Newlin was found, are believed to strengthen the theory of the district attorney that the murdered child was strangled down in the frame structure, brutally kicked and beaten, only to be thrown into a two-foot hole, with a burlap bag tightly drawn about her neck.

The attitude of Lewis' family is one of absolute belief in his innocence. One of these relatives, of course, named Taylor, had come from Wilmington to visit us, and Irwin, my son, and his wife came over from their farm, about a half or three-quarters of a mile away. Little Mary, the dead child, went to her grandfather's to spend the day. At about 4:45 o'clock Irwin started home to put on his working clothes, so he could help me milk the cows. He walked across these fields, and he was back in half an hour."

## Alibi Contemplated.

They admitted, as they said they had already done to the district attorney, that Lewis had gone to his farm from that of his father, nearly a mile away, at about 5 o'clock on last Sunday afternoon, when little Mary Newlin was last seen alive.

"We had a family reunion on last Sunday," the elder Lewis said.

"Some relatives of ours, named Taylor, had come from Wilmington to visit us, and Irwin, my son, and his wife came over from their farm, about a half or three-quarters of a mile away. Little Mary, the dead child, went to her grandfather's to spend the day. At about 4:45 o'clock Irwin started home to put on his working clothes, so he could help me milk the cows. He walked across these fields, and he was back in half an hour."

## WEARS WHITE DRESS SUIT.

Chicago Millionaire Inditates Mark  
Twin in His Apparel.

Chicago, June 23.—The white dress suit, Mark Twain's innovation, has broken out in Chicago. It appeared for the first time last night on the person of Millionaire Banker John Farrow, at the Millionaire's Club at Pleasant Home, which was held at Pleasant Home, Farrow's mansion in Oak Park.

The dress suit was a real affair, except that it was pure white, faced with white satin. It was long in the tails and short in the front and had every indication of having been made by a tailor under instructions from the wearer.

It was accompanied by a wonderful waistcoat of pale cream satin, embroidered with delicate roses of near-pink and yellow.

And John Farrow was very happy to have it on. It was clearly to be seen that he wore it from choice.

## EIGHT INJURED IN COLLISION.

Dining Car on Pennsylvania Split in  
Two by Engine.

Sharon, Pa., June 23.—Eight people were injured, three of them dangerously, as the result of a Pennsylvania freight engine crashing into the company's combination dining and sleeping car on a siding to-day.

The car was hurled on its side, at right angles with the tracks, and split in two. That none were killed is miraculous, as several were buried under the debris. The accident was caused by the air brakes failing to work.

**A la Carte Lunch Served Daily**  
At Ekstein's from 12 to 3. 1412 N. Y. ave.

Boards, Wide and Bright, \$2.00 per 100 ft.

## BONFIRE BIGGEST ON RECORD.

Dry Dock at Portsmouth Burned for  
Amusement of Spectators.

Boston, June 23.—The biggest bonfire ever witnessed in this vicinity was the burning last night of the old Portsmouth (N. H.) government dry dock, which was towed to the Point of Pines a few weeks ago to be broken up for junk. The immense structure, which cost \$1,000,000, went up in smoke for the amusement of about 20,000 people.

The old dock was fired at 7:20 p. m., and so solid was the structure that after blazing fiercely for six hours the frame still stood. It was 300 feet long and 110 feet wide, and contained millions of feet of heavy timbers. Great sheets of flame shot up hundreds of feet, and the column of smoke made a beacon that was seen far out to sea.

Scores of yachts and launches took out pleasure parties and lay in the vicinity to watch the burning.

The fire continued to burn throughout the night.

## LANDS TWO BIG BASS.

Angler Has Record with Two Seven-  
pound Fish at Water Gap.

Delaware Water Gap, June 23.—The bass season has opened, and not in the history of the resort has there been so much interest taken in the sport. Every year there are hundreds who know of the excellent bass fishing to be enjoyed in the Delaware, and the seasons have been good, but this year a successful angler has set the whole country wild to reach a portion of the success he achieved the first day.

Omer Staples is the fortunate man. He succeeded in landing two weighing seven pounds each, one weighing five pounds, and one weighing three pounds.

## LOVE WAGER CALLED OFF.

Father Will Not Permit Girl to Bet  
Hand on Horse Race.

Belleville, Ill., June 23.—The wager of Miss Helen Burs of her heart and hand that Frank Grimes' horse, Robbie G., would not win a race at Belleville on July 4 is off, although the compact was signed and witnessed before a notary.

Miss Burs' father put a question on the affair because the wager has caused so much notoriety. Grimes has been notified that the bet is off, but says if he wins the race he will demand Miss Burs' hand in marriage according to the signed agreement a few weeks ago.

## LOST BABY IS HELD

Policeman's Find, Unclaim-  
ed, Entertains Officers.

FOUND IN LAFAYETTE SQUARE

Pretty Tot, Two Years and a Half  
Old, Dressed in White, Wears  
Half Hose and Black Shoes—Has  
Brown Hair and Blue Eyes—Taken  
to the House of Detention.

Propped up in the big armchair of the lieutenant, apparently oblivious of the past and regardless of the future, a pretty little two-year-old girl spent last evening at the Third precinct police station. She was lost and had been picked up in Lafayette Square by Policeman Sides.

The big guardian of the law carried the little lost tot to the station. She was happy. Later the child was transferred to the House of Detention and turned over to the custody of the matron.

The police were not informed last night that a child had been lost or strayed from home, and they are at a loss to understand why no one has been in search of the little girl.

"Mamma," was all the little girl would say at the station. The child is pretty, dressed in white, but there is no jewelry or anything about her person to make identification possible. Policeman Sides found the wee one in the park near the corner of Sixteenth and H streets northwest, shortly after 6 o'clock, wandering aimlessly about.

"Mamma," said the lost child to the big policeman.

Policeman Sides made an effort to find some one about the square who knew the homeless one, but he was unable to do so, and eventually took her to the station square.

The little stray was the admiration of every policeman and every one else who came into the station. Even the prisoners—the common, ordinary type who are accustomed to being locked up—looked on the baby and seemed to repent.

Bicycle Policeman Williams took particular interest in the youngster, and fed her milk and candy. She made herself at home immediately, and wandered about the station and climbed into the lieutenant's chair and made friends with the big, dignified captain just as if she had known him all her life.

When she was taken away to the House of Detention, the child seemed to dread going away—she had been happy with the men in blue.

"Mamma," she said, as they carried her away.

The child is not more than two and a half years old, is well dressed, and has brown hair and blue eyes. Her white dress is clean, so as her white half hose and black shoes. She wore a cap.

What little outbreaks happen come at night, when that part of any population which is always ready for emboldenments makes its appearance under cover of darkness and with taunt, defiance, crowding against the soldiers' lines and hurling missiles, precipitate a charge of troops, in which somebody, guilty or not, is bound to get hurt.

**Prefers Beer to Its Ovip Wine.**  
Such are the conditions in this capital of an important department of the Midi, where Ferroul and his companions are jailed.

The Paris public were unwilling to believe M. Clemenceau the other day when he declared the manifestations were led by youths and the Apache element. Such, however, is the history of the so-called nightly riots at Montpellier.

There is every reason to believe that disturbances at Narbonne are very much worse, but reasons may be found chiefly here in the lack of news from Narbonne. The fact of the fact that the failure of the Midi to rally its wine was the cause of the whole Meridionale demonstration, it is worth while to record that some of the principal cafes in the very center of the city do not sell this wine at all, it being sold condescendingly in them that it is only to be found in the small wine shops.

People on every hand drink beer and absinthe.

**Advertising That Pays.**  
THE WASHINGTON HERALD carried for the week ended yesterday 217½ columns of advertising.

This was a gain of about twenty columns over the preceding week.

All of it was clean advertising. This newspaper accepts no other kind. Its patrons find themselves in good company—honest company—and their announcements are presented in the most attractive form possible to the typographical art. Washington business men are all appreciating what a fine advertising medium THE WASHINGTON HERALD is. It gives results. A home newspaper—a wholesome newspaper which the people read and approve—invariably gives results—the best results.

**Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N. Y. Ave.**

**Flooring N. C. Heart, \$2.00 per 100 ft.**

**Flooring, Very Pretty, \$2.00 per 100 ft.**

**Flooring, Very Pretty, \$2.00 per 100 ft.**

**Flooring, Very Pretty, \$2.00 per 100 ft.**

**Flooring, Very Pretty, \$2.00 per 100 ft.**

ALBERT STEALS IN  
AND SEES PREMIERMidi Leader Enters Paris in  
Spite of Police.

## ASKS TROOPS' REMOVAL

Assures Clemenceau that No Violence  
Is Intended.

"Redeemer of the South" Offers to  
Place Himself in the Hands of the  
Authorities to Do Anything They  
May Direct—Clemenceau Allows  
Leader to Depart Unmolested—No  
Violence in the Strike.

Paris, June 23.—The chief development to-day in the Midi crisis is an incident delightfully French.

At about 10:30 this morning a gentleman, carrying a valise, with an overcoat on his arm, called at the ministry of the interior and asked to see M. Clemenceau. In response to the attendant's inquiry as to his name and business the caller handed him a card bearing the name Marcelin Albert. It was, indeed, the "Redeemer of the South," as he is known to his million followers, who have thrown Southern France into a ferment. He is the man for whom hundreds of agents have been seeking during the past four days to incarcerate for conspiracy against the administration of the law.

**Talk Half an Hour.**  
When the functionary recovered from his astonishment, he conducted the visitor to a room filled with officials, and hastened to inform the premier. Albert sat quietly under the amazed scrutiny of his companions until the messenger returned and invited him to enter M. Clemenceau's office.

He remained for half an hour in private conversation with the head of the government. Then the premier, not to be outdone in courtesy, conducted the fugitive from justice to the exit and told him he was as free to depart as when he came.

The leader of the greatest revolt France has seen since 1870 quietly hailed a cab and drove away. M. Clemenceau subsequently gave a limited version of what took place at the interview. Albert pleaded with M. Clemenceau to withdraw the troops from the disaffected districts, assuring him that it would result in the immediate restoration of order. He assured the premier that violence had no place in the policy of the leaders of the movement; that they had done everything possible to prevent it, and would continue to do so. Albert offered, further, to put himself in the hands of the authorities, and said he would do anything else the premier required of him.

**Albert Allowed to Depart.**  
M. Clemenceau replied that he would not accept his surrender at the ministry, and that he was free to go, but he advised him to promptly put himself at the disposal of the proper authorities. The premier severely condemned the course he had adopted in advising not violence, but equally illegal proceedings by the disaffected population. M. Clemenceau would not say whether measures were discussed for ameliorating the people's grievances. It would, of course, be most undignified for him to do so. Albert offered, further, to put himself in the hands of the authorities, and said he would do anything else the premier required of him.

**Robbed on Pullman.**  
Four passengers on the Pullman car No. 10, which arrived at the Pennsylvania station at 3:50 o'clock yesterday morning, were robbed during the night while they were asleep. Cash amounting to nearly \$300 was taken and several of the grips were cut open and ruined and the contents carried away. The theft was committed just before the train got to Washington.

One of the victims of the robbery was Maj. Charles F. Kieffer, of the Medical Corps of the United States army. Maj. Kieffer is stationed at the Washington Barracks. His trousers were taken to the smoking room and rifled of between \$100 and \$150. Another loser is Charles McDermott, the contractor, who lives at 102 B street northeast. His trousers were taken also to one end of the car, together with his Oxford grip. His loss was about \$15.

William Lewis, an extra porter, who was asleep in the car, also reported to the police that he had lost \$70. T. S. Mulligan, a passenger, had an extra sleep in his pockets when he went to sleep. The thief showed no discrimination, and took Mr. Mulligan's 5 cents as willingly as he had extracted the \$170 from the trousers of Maj. Kieffer.

The robbery was discovered shortly after the train arrived at the Pennsylvania station. It was reported to the night stationmaster, who in turn informed the police of the affair. The porter claims that both ends of the car were locked while the car was in transit.

All of the clothing that was rifled was taken to the smoking-room, as were the grips. Here the thief apparently worked at his leisure, as several of the satchels were cut from one end to the other with a sharp knife.

An open knife was found in the park near the station yesterday, and it is believed by the railroad authorities that the robber jumped the fence and made his getaway a few seconds after the car stopped at the depot.

**Thief Overlooked Much.**  
That the thief overlooked hundreds of dollars among the passengers in the Pullman is evidenced by the fact that Contractor McDermott himself had more than \$200 in his waistcoat, which was not found. In addition, he had a watch and several other pieces of jewelry which were untouched.

Maj. Kieffer also had several hundred dollars in his waistcoat which the robber did not get. His watch, a valuable one, was also overlooked. Several other passengers also reported to the police that they had been fortunate and had not lost a penny.

Contractor McDermott and Maj. Kieffer boarded the Pullman at Philadelphia. The car was left here, the train going on to Washington. The car had gone on with other Pullmans, and the car was in charge of William Hensen, the colored porter, at the time.

The robbery was reported to Sergt. Carter, at detective headquarters, at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. Detective Hays was assigned to the case and during the day four other men were put at work to solve the mystery.

**TOO MANY "FOURS" IN GAME.**  
Quartet of Big Hands Within Five  
Minutes Causes Trouble.

Philadelphia, June 23.—Four hands of four of a kind each produced within five minutes in a poker game led to the arrest of Henry Burgess, a negro, of Addison street, near Seventeenth street, who was before a magistrate yesterday, charged with conducting a gambling house.

James A. Robinson, a very intelligent negro, of Alter street, above Nineteenth, was the victim of the exceptional poker hands, and caused the arrest of Burgess.

"They flashed four hands of four of a kind each on me within five minutes," said Burgess, "and then I put a five-shooter on the table and told them that the next man who turned up a four of a kind hand would get some five of a kind."

The alleged gambling house was in Seventeenth street, near Lombard, and Robinson said that, although he often played poker there, he never won. He said that, despite his losses, he thought the game was "on the level" until the four big hands were produced so rapidly against him.

Special Policeman Marks, who arrested Burgess, said that he found considerable gambling paraphernalia in the alleged gambling house, and that Burgess had previously been arrested upon a similar charge. The prisoner was held in \$500 bail for trial.

**\$10.00 Niagara Falls Excursion, June 28,**  
Baltimore and Ohio.

Special train standard coaches and parlor cars, leaving Washington 7:45 a. m., running via Philadelphia and picturesque Lehigh valley. Liberal stop-overs return. Tickets good ten days. Attractive side trips from Niagara Falls.